

Splunk Offerings

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Offering	Capacity	Limitations
Splunk Enterprise	Daily Indexing Volume or number of vCPUs as set forth in the Order "Daily Indexing Volume" means the daily aggregate	
	volume of uncompressed data for indexing as set forth in the Order	
	"vCPUs" refers to the virtual CPUs to which Software has access. Each virtual CPU is equivalent to a distinct hardware thread of execution in a physical CPU core.	
	Note: For metrics indexing, the Daily Indexing Volume will be calculated by converting each measurement into GB of daily ingestion using a fixed ratio as described in the software documentation.	
Splunk Cloud Platform	Daily Indexing Volume or number of Splunk Virtual Compute ("SVC")	
	"Splunk Virtual Compute (SVC)" means a unit of capabilities in Splunk Cloud Platform that includes the following resources: compute, memory and I/O as further explained in the service documentation.	
Splunk Enterprise Rapid Adoption	Number of Use Cases identified in the Order "Use Cases" are defined and listed	Maximum Daily Index Volume permitted: 25GB (regardless of number of Use Cases)
Packages	here: https://www.splunk.com/en_us/legal/use-case-definitions.html	Deployment type: Limited to a single instance deployment
	Note: The Rapid Adoption Packages can be purchased in connection with Splunk Cloud Platform as well.	Not stackable with other Splunk licenses
Splunk Enterprise for DNS & Netflow Data	Daily Indexing Volume Note: This limited source-type license is also available for Splunk Enterprise Security and Splunk IT Service Intelligence.	Limited Source Types: This license will allow Customers to index the specified Daily Indexing Volume of DNS, Netflow, and/or public cloud access data in any combination of the following data source types:
		aws:vpc:flowlogs
		aws:cloudwatchlogs:vpcflow
		mscs:nsg:flow
		zeek_conn and/or bro_conn
		zeek:conn:json and/or bro:conn:json
		zeek_dns and/or bro_dns
		zeek:dns:json and/or bro:dns:json
		 dns and/or *DNS* (i.e. any source type containing the string dns)
		corelight_conn
		corelight_conn_red
		• flowintegrator
		• *netflow*

		• *sflow*
		• *jflow*
		This license can be combined with other daily indexing volume-based Splunk Enterprise licenses.
		Any ingest of these specific source types in excess of the Daily Indexing Volume of this license will be counted against the general ingest license capacity of Splunk Enterprise.
Splunk Enterprise for Cisco AnyConnect NVM	Number of Endpoints	Limited Source Types: This license will allow users to index only Cisco AnyConnect Network Visibility Module (NVM) source type data. This source type restricted license can be stacked on other non-source type restricted licenses.
		This license is available exclusively from Cisco Systems.
		Each Endpoint allows indexing of 10MB/day.
Splunk Analytics for Hadoop	Maximum number of Nodes or Fractional Use of Nodes from which data can be sourced to be analyzed and visualized, as identified in the applicable Order (Note: Data in a Node that has already been indexed by Splunk Enterprise (or Splunk Cloud Platform) will not be counted toward the paid volume.)	Maximum of five (5) Nodes from which data can be sourced to be analyzed and visualized
	"Node" means a 64 bit Linux operating system or any other operating system identified in the documentation that runs Hadoop TaskTracker or Node Manager to execute Splunk jobs on Hadoop nodes.	
	"Fractional Use of Nodes" means the greater of compute load or applicable storage of the number of Nodes in Cluster(s) for a specific use case or business unit, as identified in an Order.	
	"Cluster" means a group of Nodes administered by one Hadoop JobTracker or Hadoop Resource Manager.	
Splunk Data Stream Processor (Splunk	Number of vCPUs as set forth in the Order	
DSP)	Note: For the avoidance of doubt, data ingested into Splunk Enterprise through Splunk DSP counts against the license capacity of Splunk Enterprise.	
Splunk Enterprise Security	Daily Indexing Volume or number of vCPUs as set forth in the Order	
	Note: When consumed within Splunk Cloud Platform, SVC is also available.	
Splunk User Behavior Analytics (Splunk UBA)	Number of User Behavior Analytics Monitored Accounts.	
	"Number of User Behavior Analytics Monitored Accounts" means the number of user and service accounts in Microsoft Active Directory, Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) or any similar service that is used to authenticate users inside the network; or	For the latter option, the maximum Daily Indexing Volume is limited to the same data being indexed
	Daily Indexing Volume. This option is restricted to UBA licenses purchased as an add-on license to Splunk Enterprise Security.	into Splunk Enterprise Security or a subset thereof and the maximum Number of User Behavior Analytics Monitored Accounts is limited to 250,000.



		PURCHASE CAPACITY AND LIMITATIONS
Splunk Phantom	Number of Events. " <i>Event</i> " means a single event or grouping of discrete information regarding an event sent to the Software to act on; or Number of User Seats. " <i>User Seats</i> " means the user accounts created for the Software	Maximum Number of Events per 24-hour period measured using Coordinated Universal Time Each distinct user account may be used only by a single user at a time (i.e., simultaneous logins by multiple users leveraging the same user account is disallowed). Limited Use Case: For an end user's internal security purposes only
Splunk SOAR Cloud	Number of User Seats (as defined above in Splunk Phantom)	Each distinct user account may be used only by a single user (i.e., simultaneous logins by multiple users leveraging the same user account is disallowed).
Splunk Mission Control	Number of User Seats Note: A certain number of User Seats of Splunk Mission Control will be entitled to customers of Splunk Enterprise Security based on their current license entitlement of Splunk Enterprise Security. Learn more at Seat Entitlement.	Available on a limited basis to customers of Splunk Enterprise Security (either as a stand-alone product or part of a suite). To be used for security use cases only.
Splunk App for PCI Compliance	Daily Indexing Volume Note: When consumed within Splunk Cloud Platform, SVC is also available.	
Splunk Insights for Ransomware	Number of Ransomware Monitored Accounts. "Number of Ransomware Monitored Accounts" means the number of user and service accounts in Microsoft Active Directory, Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) or any similar service that is used to authenticate users inside the network.	Limited Use Case: To detect if any ransomware is present, attempting to be present or attempting to be disseminated in the designated end user's environment. Not stackable with other Splunk licenses.
Splunk IT Service Intelligence (Splunk ITSI)	Daily Indexing Volume or number of vCPUs as set forth in the Order	
	Note: When consumed within Splunk Cloud Platform, SVC is also available.	
Splunk Insights for Infrastructure	Volume of data stored	Storage Limits: Once storage limit is reached, any new data stored will replace the earliest stored data in amounts needed to place total storage at or below the storage limit (First In, First Out).
		Not stackable with other Splunk licenses.
Splunk On-Call	Number of Users	https://www.splunk.com/en_us/software/pricing/devo ps.html#splunk-on-call
Splunk Infrastructure Monitoring ("Splunk IM")	For host-based pricing: Number of Hosts and associated entitlements of Containers, Custom Metrics, and High Resolution Metrics as indicated in the Order For usage-based pricing: MTS (Metric Time Series) as measured by the unique combination of a metric and a set of associated dimensions as indicated in the Order Note: See Specific Offering Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for definitions.	Usage and subscription limit enforcement are described here .
Splunk APM	For host-based pricing: Number of Hosts and associated entitlements of Containers, Profiled Containers, Monitoring MetricSets, Troubleshooting MetricSets, Trace Volume, and Profiling Volume as indicated in the Order For usage-based pricing: Number of TAPM (Trace Analyzed Per Minute) and associated entitlements of Monitoring MetricSets, Troubleshooting	Usage and subscription limit enforcement are described here .



MetricSets, Trace Volume, and Profiling Volume as indicated in the Order	
Note: See Specific Offering Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for definitions	
Number of Browser Test Runs per month	
A " <i>Browser Test Run</i> " refers to each simulation of a full business transaction or user journey (up to a maximum of 25 steps) using a full web browser. For example, a test with 26 steps that is run every 5 minutes (12 times per hour) from 3 locations per test will count as 72 Browser Test Runs per hour.	Usage and subscription limit enforcement are described here .
Number of API Test Runs per month	
An "API Test Run" refers to a request of a single API endpoint. For multistep API Tests, each request counts as an individual API Test Run. For example, a three request API Test running once a minute consumes 180 API Test Runs per hour.	
Number of Uptime Test Runs per month	
An "Uptime Test Run" refers to a request of a single URL to check for availability of a website or application. For example, an Uptime Test running once a minute consumes 60 Uptime Test Runs per hour.	
Number of Web Outinization Come manually	
A "Web Optimization Scan" refers to a single	
performance evaluation of a single webpage.	
For host-based pricing: Number of Hosts For usage-based pricing: Volume of Indexed Data or	Usage and subscription limit enforcement are described here .
	Available only to customers of Splunk IM, Splunk APM or Splunk Observability Cloud
and indexed for fast querying	30-day retention for Indexed Data. Options to expand to 60-day or 90-day retention for Indexed Data.
Customer's object store and not queried	to ob-day of 30-day retention for indexed Data.
Note: See Specific Offering Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for definitions	
Sessions per month A "Session" refers to a group of user interactions on an application (for a maximum of 4 hours). A Session begins when a user loads the front-end application and ends when the application is terminated or expires. Sessions will also expire after 15 minutes of inactivity.	Usage and subscription limit enforcement are described here .
Number of Hosts	Per Host entitlements are described here.
"Host" means a virtual machine or physical server with a dedicated operating system up to 64 GB of memory	
Note: See Specific Offerings Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for additional definitions	
	as indicated in the Order Note: See Specific Offering Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for definitions Number of Browser Test Runs per month A "Browser Test Run" refers to each simulation of a full business transaction or user journey (up to a maximum of 25 steps) using a full web browser. For example, a test with 26 steps that is run every 5 minutes (12 times per hour) from 3 locations per test will count as 72 Browser Test Runs per hour. Number of API Test Runs per month An "API Test Run" refers to a request of a single API endpoint. For multistep API Tests, each request counts as an individual API Test Run. For example, a three request API Test Runs per month An "Uptime Test Run" refers to a request of a single URL to check for availability of a website or application. For example, an Uptime Test Runs per hour. Number of Web Optimization Scans per month A "Uptime Test Run" refers to a request of a single URL to check for availability of a website or application. For example, an Uptime Test Runs per hour. Number of Web Optimization Scans per month A "Web Optimization Scan" refers to a single performance evaluation of a single webpage. For host-based pricing: Number of Hosts For usage-based pricing: Volume of Indexed Data or Ingested Data" means logs that are parsed, extracted and indexed for fast querying "Ingested Data" means logs that are stored in Customer's object store and not queried Note: See Specific Offering Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for definitions Sessions per month A "Session" refers to a group of user interactions on an application (for a maximum of 4 hours). A Session begins when a user loads the front-end application and ends when the application is terminated or expires. Sessions will also expire after 15 minutes of inactivity. Number of Hosts "Host" means a virtual machine or physical server with a dedicated operating system up to 64 GB of memory Note: See Specific Offerings Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for additional



Splunk Security Cloud	Number of Protected Devices A "Protected Device" means any device or asset with an IP address (e.g., VoIP systems, LDAP Directory, switches, router, desktops, tablets, phones, etc.) visible in data sent to Splunk platform. It is not just the devices sending logs to Splunk but also the devices that are mentioned in the logs. For example, a firewall supporting 1,000 desktop PC's connecting to the Web would be 1,001 devices total, as each desktop PC will be referenced in the firewall events, even though all those events are being sent from the single firewall device to Splunk.	Per Protected Device entitlements are described here.
Splunk Observability Cloud	Number of Hosts (as defined above) Note: See Specific Offering Terms at www.splunk.com/SpecificTerms for additional definitions	Per Host entitlements are described here .

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